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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/924,934	08/08/2001	Matthew C. Mattina	1662-38300 JMH (P01-3570)	3940	
22879	7590 02/06/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD			ANYA, CH	ANYA, CHARLES E	
	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
FORT COLL	INS, CO 80527-2400		2194		

DATE MAILED: 02/06/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No. Applicant(s)		
Office Action Comments	09/924,934	MATTINA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Charles E. Anya	2194	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	dress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tilt ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this co ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 No.	action is non-final. ice except for formal matters, pro		merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-34 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or			
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 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the confidence of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). pjected to. See 37 CF	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Applicatity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National S	Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-34 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claim 3 as claimed indicates that an owner processor is capable of executing multiple threads concurrently, however the Examiner could not find in the specification where this claim limitation is either implicitly or explicitly disclosed.

Please indicate in the next response where in the specification this limitation is disclosed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35
U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this
Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claims 1,2,13,14,16,24 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Pat. No. 5,887,138 to Hagersten et al.
- 6. As to claim 1, Hagersten teaches a distributed multiprocessing computer system, which includes a plurality of processors each coupled to an associated memory module, wherein each associated memory module may store data that is shared between said processors (figures 1-2), said system comprising: a Home processor that includes a memory block and a directory for said memory block in an associated memory module (Home Node/SMP 12 (Directory 66/Memory 22) Col. 7 Ln. 6 61, figure 2 Col. 10 Ln. 59 67, Col. 14 Ln. 13 24); an Owner processor that includes a cache memory (Requesting Node/SMP12 (External Caches 18) Col. 7 Ln. 6 47, Col. 8 Ln. 10 29), and wherein said Owner processor obtains an exclusive copy of said memory block, and stores said exclusive copy of said memory block in said cache memory ("...cache data..." Col. 9 Ln. 18 25, Col. 9 Ln. 54 57, "When clear..." Col. 15 Ln. 33 39, Col. 19 Ln. 10 34); and wherein said Owner processor may displace the exclusive copy of said memory block, and return said displaced copy

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of said memory block to said Home processor with a signal indicating that said Owner processor remains a sharer of said memory block ("...discarded...shared state..." Col. 13 Ln. 21 – 39).

- 7. As to claim 2, Hagersten teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 1, wherein said Owner processor obtains an exclusive copy of said memory block by issuing a Load Lock instruction, and wherein the directory associated with the Home processor indicates that said Owner processor has obtained exclusive control of said memory block (Directory 66 Col. 19 Ln. 15 34).
- 8. As to claims 13 and 24, see the rejection of claim 1 above.
- 9. As to claims 14 and 25, see the rejection of claim 2 above.
- 10. As to claim 16, Hagersten teaches the method of claim 13, wherein the act of updating the coherence directory includes modifying a register to indicate that the Owner processor has an exclusive copy of the memory block ("...updates..." Col. 19 Ln. 28 30).
- 11. Claims 3 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Pat. No. 5,887,138 to Hagersten et al. in view of U.S. Pat. No. 6,438,671 B1 to Doing et al.

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12. As to claim 3, Hagersten teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 2, wherein said Owner processor is capable of displacing data associated with a non-executing thread from its associated cache memory ("...discarded..." Col. 13 Ln. 21 – 39).

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- 13. Hagersten is silent with reference to an Owner processor is capable of executing multiple threads concurrently.
- 14. Hagersten teaches an Owner processor is capable of executing multiple threads concurrently (Col. 3 Ln. 45 64, Col. 4 Ln. 15 17).
- 15. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was to combine the teachings of Doing and Hagersten because the teaching of Doing would improve the system of Hagersten by providing a means that removes the need for a processor to wait for certain short term latency events, such as re-filling an instruction pipeline (Col. 3 Ln. 57 60).
- 16. As to claim 26, see the rejection of claim 3 above.
- 17. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Pat. No. 5,887,138 to Hagersten et al. in view of U.S. Pat. 6,425,050 B1 to Beardsley et al.

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- 18. As to claim 15, Hagersten does not explicitly teach the method of claim 13, wherein the Load Lock instruction forms part of a Load Lock/store Conditional instruction pair.
- 19. Beardsley teaches the method of claim 13, wherein the Load Lock instruction forms part of a Load Lock/store Conditional instruction pair ("...stages...destages..." Col. 4 Ln. 38 67).
- 20. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Beardsley and Hagersten because the teaching of Beardsley would improve the system of Hagersten by preventing delay in responding to a read request when a track is being destaged in mission critical systems (Beardsley Col. 2 Ln. 46 60).
- 21. Claims 4,17 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Pat. No. 5,887,138 to Hagersten et al. in view of U.S. Pat. No. 6,438,671 B1 to Doing et al. as applied to claim 3 above, and further in view of U.S. Pat. No. 5,937,199 to Temple.
- 22. As to claim 4, Both Doing and Hagersten are silent with reference to the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 3, wherein said Owner processor includes a register in which an address is stored representing the memory block obtained in response to the Load Lock instruction, and wherein said Owner processor compares the address of any displaced data with the address stored in said register.

- 23. Temple teaches the Owner processor to include a register in which an address is stored representing the memory block obtained in response to the Load Lock instruction, and wherein said Owner processor compares the address of any displaced data with the address stored in said register (Col. 10 Ln. 5 36).
- 24. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the ad at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Temple, Doing and Hagersten because the teaching of Temple would improve the system of Doing and Hagersten by providing a read-modify-write operation that ensures that a storage location from which data is accessed is not subsequently accessed by the system prior to the storage of the modified data (Temple Col. 10 Ln. 10 14).
- 25. As to claims 17 and 27, see the rejection of claim 4 above.
- 26. Claims 5-7,18,19,28 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Pat. No. 5,887,138 to Hagersten et al. in view of U.S. Pat. No. 6,438,671 B1 to Doing et al. as applied to claim 3 above, and further in view of U.S. Pat. No. 5,937,199 to Temple, and further in view of U.S. Pub. No. 2001/0010068 A1 to Michael et al.
- 27. As to claim 5, Neither Temple, Doing nor Hagersten teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 4, wherein the Owner processor asserts a Victim To Shared message if the address of any displaced data matches the address stored in said register.

- 28. Michael teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 4, wherein the Owner processor asserts a Victim To Shared message if the address of any displaced data matches the address stored in said register.
- 29. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the ad at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Michael, Temple, Doing and Hagersten because the teaching of Temple would improve the system of Temple, Doing and Hagersten by providing a cache system that minimizes directory cache pollution, leading to higher directory hit ratios and resulting improvement in system performance (Michael page 2 paragraph 0014).
- 30. As to claim 6, Michael teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 5, wherein the Owner processor assets a Victim message if the address of any displaced data does not match address stored in said register ("...not changed..." page 2 paragraph 0034).
- 31. As to claim 7, Michael teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 5, wherein the directory associated with the Home processor indicates that said Owner processor has become a sharer of said memory block in response to said Victim To Shared message ("...set..." page 2 paragraph 0034).
- 32. As to claims 18 and 28, see the rejection of claim 5 above.

- 33. As to claims 19 and 29, see the rejection of claim 7 above.
- 34. Claims 8-12,20-23 and 30-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Pat. No. 5,887,138 to Hagersten et al. in view of U.S. Pat. No. 6,438,671 B1 to Doing et al. as applied to claim 3 above, and further in view of U.S. Pat. No. 5,937,199 to Temple, and further in view of U.S. Pub. No. 2001/0010068 A1 to Michael et al., and further in view of U.S. Pat. 6,425,050 B1 to Beardsley et al.
- 35. As to claim 8, Neither Michael, Temple, Doing nor Hagersten teach the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 7, wherein said Owner processor subsequently re-obtains an exclusive copy of said memory block to complete execution of the non-executing thread.
- 36. Beardsley teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 7, wherein said Owner processor subsequently re-obtains an exclusive copy of said memory block to complete execution of the non-executing thread (Col. 7 Ln. 1 11).
- 37. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Beardsley, Michael, Temple, Doing and Hagersten because the teaching of Beardsley would improve the system of Michael, Temple, Doing and Hagersten by preventing delay in responding to a read request when a track is being destaged in mission critical systems (Beardsley Col. 2 Ln. 46 60).

- 38. As to claim 9, Beardsley teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 8, wherein the Owner processor assets a Read-with-Modify Intent Store Conditional instruction to the Home directory/processor to again request an exclusive copy of said memory block (Col. 7 Ln. 1 11).
- 39. As to claim 10, Beardsley teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 9, wherein, in response to the Read-with-Modify Intent Store Conditional instruction, the Home directory/processor determines if the Owner processor is a sharer of the memory block, and if so, the Home directory sends an exclusive copy of the memory block to the Owner processor (Col. 7 Ln. 1 11).
- 40. As to claim 11, Beardsley teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 10, wherein the Home directory/processor invalidates all other sharers when it sends an exclusive copy of the memory block to the Owner (Col. 7 Ln. 7 11).
- 41. As to claim 12, Beardsley teaches the distributed multiprocessing computer system of claim 9, wherein the Home directory determines if the Owner processor is a sharer of the memory block, and if not, the Home directory/processor sends a Store Conditional Failure message to the Owner processor (Col. 7 Ln. 7 11).

42. As to claims 20 and 31, see the rejection of claim 9 above.

- 43. As to claims 21 and 32, see the rejection of claim 10 above.
- 44. As to claims 22 and 33, see the rejection of claim 11 above.
- 45. As to claims 23 and 34, see the rejection of claim 12 above.
- 46. As to claim 30, see the rejection of claim 8 above.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles E. Anya whose telephone number is (571) 272-3757. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:30-6:00) First Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, An Meng-Ai can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Charles E Anya Examiner Art Unit 2194

cea.

WILLIAM THOMSON WILLIAM THOMSON PATENT EXAMINER